This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Original) A method of determining the pressure of a gas within an engine relative to a pre-defined pressure of the gas, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) measuring the power factor of electricity generated by the engine;
- (b) comparing the measured power factor with a power factor determined to correspond to the power factor of electricity generated by the engine when operating at the pre-defined pressure; and
- (c) determining whether the measured power factor is less than the determined power factor.
- 2. (Original) A method of operating an engine containing a working gas comprising the steps of:
- (a) measuring repeatedly the power factor of electricity generated by the engine when running;
- (b) comparing measured power factors to a pre-defined power factor determined to correspond to the power factor of electricity generated by the engine when operating such that the working gas within the engine is at a pre-defined pressure; and
- (c) producing an alarm when a measured power factor is found to be less than the determined power factor.
- 3. (Original) A method of operating a Stirling engine according to claim 2.
- 4. (Original) A method of operating a Stirling engine of a domestic combined heat and power unit according to claim 3.
- 5. (Currently amended) A method according to <u>claim 2</u> any of claims 2 to 4 wherein the engine is connectable to an electrical grid and step (b) of the method comprises comparing power factors measured when the engine was isolated from the electrical grid.

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- 6. (Original) A method according to claim 5, wherein step (b) of the method comprises comparing power factors measured during start-up of the engine.
- 7. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 2 any of claims 2 to 6, wherein step (b) comprises comparing the measured power factor with a pair of determined power factors and step (c) comprises producing an alarm if a measured power factor is found to be less than the higher of the determined power factors and shutting down the engine if a measured power factor is found to be less than the lower of the determined power factors.
- 8. (Currently amended) A method according to <u>claim 2</u> any of claims 2 to 7, wherein the determined power factor or factors is/are determined empirically.
- 9. (Original) A method of operating an engine containing a working gas comprising the steps of:
- (a) measuring repeatedly the power factor of electricity generated by the engine when running;
 - (b) storing the measured power factors;
- (c) analysing at least some of the stored power factors to identify any variation across the power factors; and
 - (d) producing an alarm when a variation beyond an acceptable limit is identified.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, further comprising shutting down the engine when the variation is beyond the acceptable limit.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 9, further comprising distinguishing between a gradual variation and an abrupt variation, and providing an alarm when a gradual variation is identified and providing an alarm and shutting down the engine when an abrupt variation is identified.

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12. (Original) An engine unit comprising:

an engine containing a working gas;

a power monitor operable to produce a power factor signal representative of the power factor of electricity generated by the engine;

control means configured to receive the power factor signal; and an alarm;

wherein the control means is operable:

to use the power factor signal to determine whether the power factor of the engine is less than a pre-determined power factor that corresponds to the power factor of electricity generated by the engine running with the working gas at a pre-defined pressure; and

to operate the alarm if the power factor is determined to be less than the predetermined power factor.

13. (Original) An engine unit comprising:

an engine containing a working gas;

a power monitor operable to produce a power factor signal representative of the power factor of electricity generated by the engine;

control means configured to receive the power factor signal; and an alarm;

wherein the control means is operable:

to store the measured power factors;

to analyse at least some of the stored power factors to identify any variation across the power factors; and

to produce an alarm when a variation beyond an acceptable limit is identified.

14. (Original) A computer when programmed to perform the following steps:

to receive from a power monitor a power factor signal representative of a power factor of electricity generated by an engine containing a working gas;

to use the power factor signal to determine whether the power factor of the engine is less than a pre-determined power factor value stored in memory that corresponds to the 341594_2.DOC 5

power factor of electricity generated by the engine running with the working gas at a predefined pressure; and

to create an alarm if the power factor is determined to be less than the pre-determined power factor.

15. (Original) A computer when programmed to perform the following steps:

to receive repeatedly from a power monitor a power factor signal representative of a power factor of electricity generated by an engine containing a working gas;

to store the measured power factors in a memory;

to analyse at least some of the stored power factors to identify any variation across the power factors;

to compare any variation found with an acceptable limit stored in a memory; and to create an alarm when the compared variation is found to exceed the acceptable limit.

- 16. (Currently amended) A computer program comprising computer program instructions that, when loaded into a computer, cause it to operate as defined in either claim 14 or claim 15.
- 17. (Original) A computer program product comprising a recordable medium having recorded thereon a computer program in accordance with claim 16.
- 18. (New) A computer program comprising computer program instructions that, when loaded into a computer, cause it to operate as defined in claim 15.
- 19. (New) A computer program product comprising a recordable medium having recorded thereon a computer program in accordance with claim 18.

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